## In the Claims

## Please amend the claims as indicated:

- 1. (Previously Canceled) A paint for forming a transparent conductive thin film characterized in comprising at least: a conductive oxide powder comprising a primary granular diameter of no greater than 100 nm; an easily dispersible low-boiling point solvent of said conductive oxide powder; a difficultly dispersible high-boiling point solvent of said conductive oxide powder; and a binder.
- 2. (Previously Canceled) A paint for forming a transparent conductive thin film according to Claim 1, wherein said conductive oxide powder is selected from among a tin oxide powder, an antimony-doped tin oxide powder, an indium oxide powder, and a tin-doped indium oxide powder.
- 3. (Previously Canceled) A paint for forming a transparent conductive thin film according to Claim 1, wherein said conductive oxide powder comprises a primary granular diameter of  $1 \sim 10$  nm, and a secondary granular diameter of  $20 \sim 150$  nm.
- 4. (Previously Canceled) A transparent conductive thin film characterized in having at least one layer comprising a transparent conductive layer which possesses mesh-shaped openings and is formed by means of using said paint for forming a transparent conductive thin film according to Claim 1.
- 5. (Previously Canceled) A transparent conductive thin film according to Claim 4 comprising a total light permeability of at least 80%, a haze value of no greater than 5%, and a surface resistivity of no greater than 9 x  $10^{11}\Omega/\Box$ .

6. (Previously Canceled) A paint for forming a transparent conductive thin film comprising:

a conductive oxide powder comprising a primary granular diameter of no greater than about 100 nm and a secondary granular diameter of from about 101 to about 150 nm;

an easily dispersible low-boiling point solvent of said conductive oxide powder;

a difficultly dispersible high-boiling point solvent of said conductive oxide powder; and

a binder.

- 7. (Previously Canceled) A paint of Claim 1, wherein said conductive oxide powder is selected from among a tin oxide powder, an antimony-doped tin oxide powder, an indium oxide powder, and a tin-doped indium oxide powder.
- 8. (Currently Amended) A paint for forming a transparent conductive thin film comprising:

a conductive oxide powder emprising having a primary granular particle diameter of no greater than 100 nm µm, an easily dispersible low-boiling point solvent of said conductive oxide powder, a difficulty dispersible high-boiling point solvent of said conductive oxide powder, and a binder[;], wherein said conductive oxide powder is a hydrophilic powder, wherein the easily dispersible low-boiling point solvent is selected from the group consisting of water, methanol, ethanol, 2-propanol, and 1-propanol, wherein the difficultly dispersible high-boiling point solvent is selected from the group consisting of 1-ethoxy-2-propanol, 1-methoxy-2-propanol, 2-methoxyethyl acetate, 2-ethoxyethyl acetate, 2-butoxyethyl acetate, tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol, propylene carbonate, N,N-dimethyl formamide, N-methylformamide, N-methyl pyrrolidone, 2-ethoxy ethanol, and 2-butoxy ethanol, wherein a temperature difference between a boiling point of said easily dispersible low-boiling point solvent and a boiling

point of said difficultly dispersible high-boiling point solvent is 30 degrees Celsius or greater, and wherein a blending weight ratio of said easily dispersible low-boiling point solvent and said difficultly dispersible high-boiling point solvent is in a range of 95:5 to 60:40.

- 9. (Currently Amended) The paint for forming a transparent conductive thin film according to Claim 8, wherein said conductive oxide powder is selected from among a tin oxide powder, an antimony-doped tin oxide powder, an indium oxide powder, and a tin-doped indium oxide powder.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The paint for forming a transparent conductive thin film according to Claim 8, wherein said conductive oxide powder comprises has a primary granular particle diameter of about 1 nm μm to about 10 nm, μm and a secondary granular particle diameter of about 20 nm μm to about 150 nm μm.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The  $\underline{A}$  transparent conductive thin film according to Claim 8, comprising:

at least one layer comprising a transparent conductive layer which possesses mesh-shaped openings and is formed by means of using said paint for forming a transparent conductive-thin film according to Claim 8.

12. (Currently Amended) The transparent conductive thin film according to Claim 11, comprising:

a total light permeability of at least 80%, a haze value of no greater than 5%, and a surface resistivity of no greater than 9 x  $10^{11}\Omega/\Box$ .

13. (Currently Amended) The paint for forming a transparent conductive thin film according to Claim 8, wherein said conductive oxide powder has a secondary granular particle diameter of about 20 nm μm to 150 nm μm.

- 14. (Cancel) The paint for forming a transparent conductive thin film according to Claim 8, wherein said conductive oxide powder is a hydrophilic powder and said easily dispersible low-boiling point solvent is selected from the group consisting of water, methanol, ethanol, 2-propanol, and 1-propanol.
- 15. (Cancel) The paint for forming a transparent conductive thin film according to Claim 8, wherein said conductive oxide powder is a non-hydrophilic powder and said easily dispersible low-boiling point solvent is selected from the group consisting of acetone, methylethyl ketone, methylisobutyl ketone, diethyl ketone, tetrahydrofuran, methyl formate, ethyl formate, methyl acetate, and ethyl acetate.
- 16. (Cancel) The paint for forming a transparent conductive thin film according to Claim 8, wherein said conductive oxide powder is a hydrophilic powder and said difficulty dispersible high-boiling point solvent is selected from the group consisting of 1-ethoxy-2-propanol, 1-methoxy-2-propanol, 2-methoxyethyl acetate, 2-ethoxyethyl acetate, 2-butoxyethyl acetate, tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol, propylene carbonate, N,N-dimethyl formamide, N-methylformamide, N-methyl pyrrolidone, 2-ethoxy ethanol, and 2-butoxy ethanol.
- 17. (Cancel) The paint for forming a transparent conductive thin film according to Claim 8, wherein said conductive oxide powder is a non-hydrophilic powder and said difficulty dispersible high-boiling point solvent is selected from the group consisting of toluene, xylene, ethyl benzene, isophorone, cyclohexanone, 2-ethoxy ethanol, and 2-butoxy ethanol.
- 18. (Cancel) A paint for forming a transparent conductive thin film comprising:
  a conductive oxide powder comprising a primary granular diameter of no
  greater than 100 nm; at least two types of solvent; and a binder, wherein one of the
  solvents is an easily dispersible low-boiling point solvent which disperses the conductive

oxide powder more easily than any other solvent and has a lower boiling point than any other solvent; and wherein another of the solvents is a difficultly dispersible high-boiling point solvent which disperses the conductive oxide powder less easily than any other solvent and has a higher boiling point than any other solvent, and a weight ration of the easily dispersible low-boiling point solvent to the difficultly dispersible high-boiling point solvent is within a range of 95:5 to 60:40.

- 19. (Cancel) A paint for forming a transparent conductive thin film according to Claim 8, wherein a temperature difference between said easily dispersible low-boiling point solvent of said conductive oxide powder and said difficultly dispersible high-boiling point solvent of said conductive oxide powder is at least 30°C.
- 20. (New) A paint for forming a transparent conductive film comprising: a conductive oxide powder having a primary particle diameter of no greater than  $100 \, \mu m$ ;

an easily dispersible low-boiling point solvent of said conductive oxide powder;

a difficulty dispersible high-boiling point solvent of said conductive oxide powder; and

a binder;

wherein said conductive oxide powder is a non-hydrophilic powder;

wherein the easily dispersible low-boiling point solvent is selected from the group consisting of acetone, methylethyl ketone, methylisobutyl ketone, diethyl ketone, tetrahydrofuran, methyl formate, ethyl formate, methyl acetate, and ethyl acetate;

wherein the difficultly dispersible high-boiling point solvent is selected from the group consisting of toluene, xylene, ethyl benzene, isophorone, cyclohexanone, 2-ethoxy ethanol, and 2-butoxy ethanol; wherein a temperature difference between a boiling point of said easily dispersible low-boiling point solvent and a boiling point of said difficultly dispersible high-boiling point solvent is 30 degrees Celsius or greater; and

wherein a blending weight ratio of said easily dispersible low-boiling point solvent and said difficultly dispersible high-boiling point solvent is in a range of 95:5 to 60:40.

- 21. (New) The paint for forming a transparent conductive film according to Claim 20, wherein said conductive oxide powder is selected from among a tin oxide powder, an antimony-doped tin oxide powder, an indium oxide powder, and a tin-doped indium oxide powder.
- 22. (New) The paint for forming a transparent conductive film according to Claim 20, wherein said conductive oxide powder has a primary particle diameter of 1  $\frac{1}{1}$  mm to 10  $\frac{1}{1}$  mm  $\frac{1}{1}$  mm, and a secondary particle diameter of 20  $\frac{1}{1}$  mm  $\frac{1}{1}$  to 150  $\frac{1}{1}$  mm.
  - 23. (New) A transparent conductive film comprising:

at least one layer comprising a transparent conductive layer which possesses mesh-shaped openings and is formed by means of using said paint for forming a transparent conductive film according to claim 20.

- 24. (New) The transparent conductive film according to Claim 23, comprising: a total light permeability of at least 80%, a haze value of no greater than 5%, and a surface resistivity of no greater than  $9 \times 10^{11} \Omega/\Box$ .
- 25. (New) The paint for forming a transparent conductive film according to Claim 20, wherein said conductive oxide powder has a secondary particle diameter of 20 nm µm to 150 nm µm.